EUROPEAN COURT OF HUMAN RIGHTS
COUR EUROPÉENNE DES DROITS DE L'HOMME

SECOND SECTION

DECISION

Application no. 38976/18
Ali Nihat YAZICI
against Türkiye

The European Court of Human Rights (Second Section), sitting on 14 December 2023 as a Committee composed of:

Frédéric Krenc*, President*,
Diana Sârcu,
Davor Derenčinović*, judges*,
and Viktoriya Maradudina, *Acting Deputy Section Registrar,*

Having regard to the above application lodged on 6 August 2018,

Having regard to the declaration submitted by the respondent Government requesting the Court to strike the application out of the list of cases,

Having deliberated, decides as follows:

FACTS AND PROCEDURE

The applicant's details are set out in the appended table.

The applicant was represented by Ms I. İşgenç, a lawyer practising in Berlin.

The applicant's complaint under Article 10 of the Convention on account of the disciplinary sanction imposed on him by the disciplinary committee of the Turkish Chess Federation was communicated to the Turkish Government ("the Government").

THE LAW

The Government informed the Court that they proposed to make a unilateral declaration with a view to resolving the issues raised by this complaint. They further requested the Court to strike out the application in accordance with Article 37 of the Convention.

The Government acknowledged that the disciplinary proceedings which is the subject matter of the present application had not met the standards enshrined in Article 10 of the Convention in the light of the well-established

case-law of the Court. They offered to pay the applicant the amount detailed in the appended table and invited the Court to strike the application out of the list of cases in accordance with Article 37 § 1 (c) of the Convention. The amount would be converted into the currency of the respondent State at the rate applicable on the date of payment, and would be payable within three months from the date of notification of the Court's decision. In the event of failure to pay this amount within the above-mentioned three-month period, the Government undertook to pay simple interest on it, from the expiry of that period until settlement, at a rate equal to the marginal lending rate of the European Central Bank during the default period plus three percentage points.

The payment will constitute the final resolution of the case before the European Court of Human Rights.

The applicant was sent the terms of the Government's unilateral declaration several weeks before the date of this decision. The Court has not received a response from the applicant accepting the terms of the declaration.

The Court observes that Article 37 § 1 (c) enables it to strike a case out of its list if:

> "... for any other reason established by the Court, it is no longer justified to continue the examination of the application".

Thus, it may strike out applications under Article 37 § 1 (c) on the basis of a unilateral declaration by a respondent Government even if the applicant wishes the examination of the case to be continued (see, in particular, the *Tahsin Acar v. Turkey* judgment (preliminary objections) [GC], no. 26307/95, §§ 75-77, ECHR 2003-VI).

The Court has established clear and extensive case-law concerning complaints relating to an interference with an applicant's freedom of expression (see, for example, among others, *Delfi AS v. Estonia* [GC], no. 64569/09, § 120, ECHR 2015; *Karademirci and Others v. Turkey*, nos. 37096/97 and 37101/97, § 42, ECHR 2005-I; and *A.M. v. Turkey* [Committee], no. 67199/17, §§ 35-36, 19 October 2021).

Noting the admissions contained in the Government's declaration as well as the amount of compensation proposed – which is consistent with the amounts awarded in similar cases – the Court considers that it is no longer justified to continue the examination of the application (Article 37 § 1 (c)).

In the light of the above considerations, the Court is satisfied that respect for human rights as defined in the Convention and the Protocols thereto does not require it to continue the examination of the application (Article 37 § 1 *in fine*).

Finally, the Court emphasises that, should the Government fail to comply with the terms of their unilateral declaration, the application may be restored to the list in accordance with Article 37 § 2 of the Convention (see *Josipović v. Serbia* (dec.), no. 18369/07, 4 March 2008).

In view of the above, it is appropriate to strike the case out of the list.

For these reasons, the Court, unanimously,

Takes note of the terms of the respondent Government's declaration and of the arrangements for ensuring compliance with the undertakings referred to therein;

Decides to strike the application out of its list of cases in accordance with Article 37 § 1 (c) of the Convention.

Done in English and notified in writing on 18 January 2024.

Viktoriya Maradudina Acting Deputy Registrar	Frédéric Krenc President

APPENDIX

Application raising complaints under Article 10 of the Convention (freedom of expression)

Application no. Date of introduction	Applicant's name Year of birth	Representative's name and location	Date of receipt of Government's declaration	Date of receipt of applicant's comments	Amount awarded for pecuniary and non-pecuniary damage and costs and expenses per applicant (in euros)[1]
38976/18 06/08/2018	**Ali Nihat YAZICI** 1964	Ilgın İşgenç Berlin	17/07/2023	04/09/2023	1,800

[1] Plus any tax that may be chargeable to the applicant